NIFU

Nordic Institute for Studies in Innovation, Research and Education

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Employability of HE graduates in a welfare state economy

Results from the Norwegian Graduate Survey

Presentation at EXLIMA conference, Bali

Topics

- Snapshots of NIFU graduate survey 2011
 - Main activity 6 months after graduation
 - Uneployment rate
 - Over-Education (skills mismatch)
 - Underemployment
 - Relevant, full time employment
 - Success factors in transition from HE to work
- Development over time

NIFUs Graduate survey

- 2011 survey «regular» surveys conducted 6 months after graduation
- Sample presented here includes only graduates with a master's degree
- Covers most HEIs and the vast majority of master graduates in Norway
- Adresses obtained from HEIs
- Response rate 2011: 54% master graduates

Some facts about Norway

- Population: 5 million
- Prosperpos welfare state society the Nordic model
- Generous universal public support schemes
- About 50% of the youth cohorts enter higher education
- Bologna structure in HE implemented (3+2+2)

Results



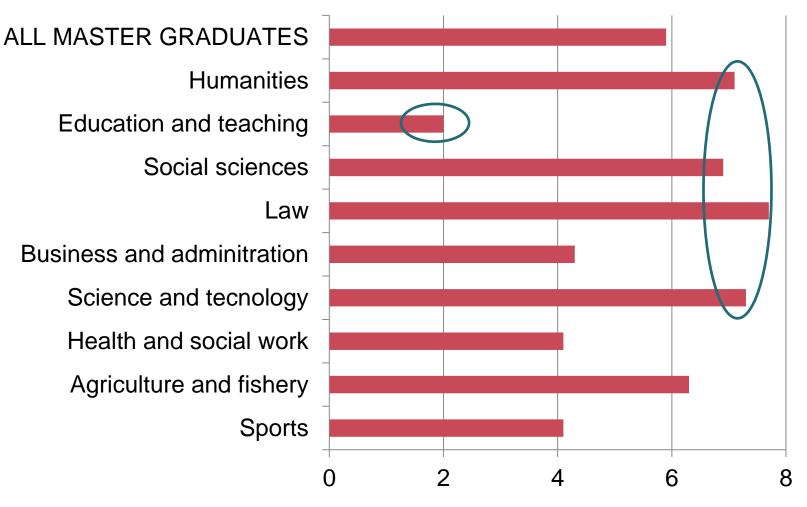
Background variables & prior experiences

- Mean age of graduates: 29 years
- Proportion of women: 55%
- Married/cohabitant: 58 %
- Have children: 22 %
- Immigrant background 10%
- Study sojourn abroad (1 semester or more) 23%
- Relevant working experience prior to graduation: 60%

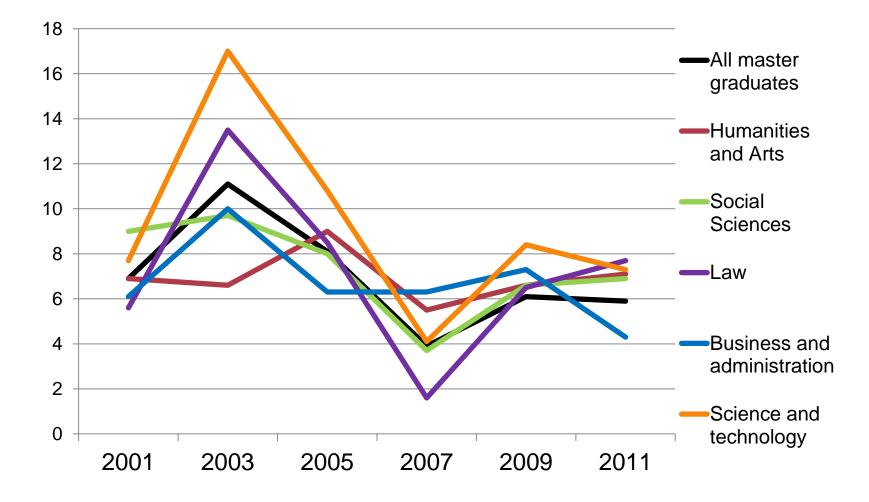
Main activity 6 months after graduation

	AII N=2211	Women N=1346	Men N=865
Employed	81.7	81.3	82.3
Student	5.6	6	4.9
Unpaid domestic work	1.3	1.7	0.7
Military service	0.1	0.1	0.1
Unemployed	8.3	7.4	9.6
Other	3.1	6.3	6.4
	100	100	100

Unemployment rate 6 months after graduation calculated from the work force

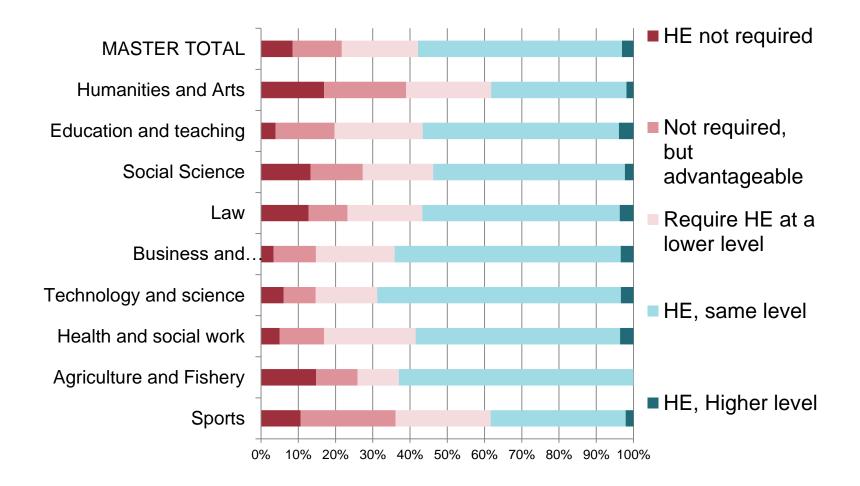


Unemployment rates 6 months after graduation 2001-1011.

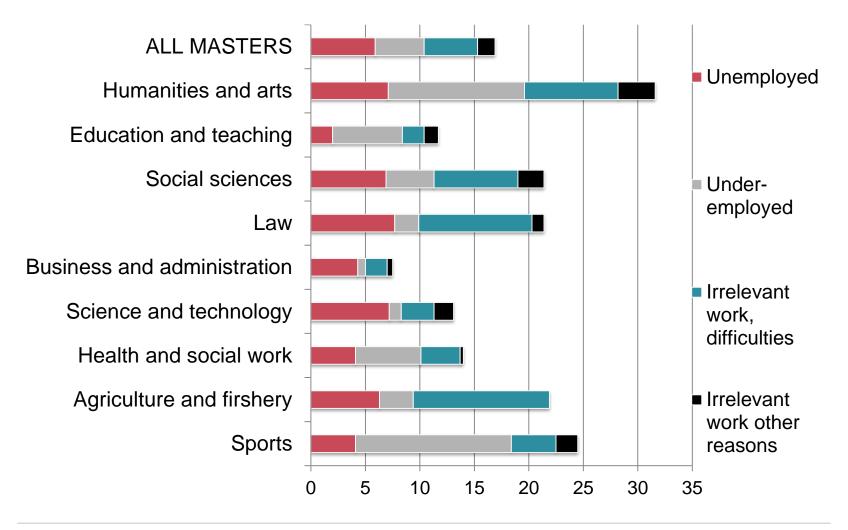


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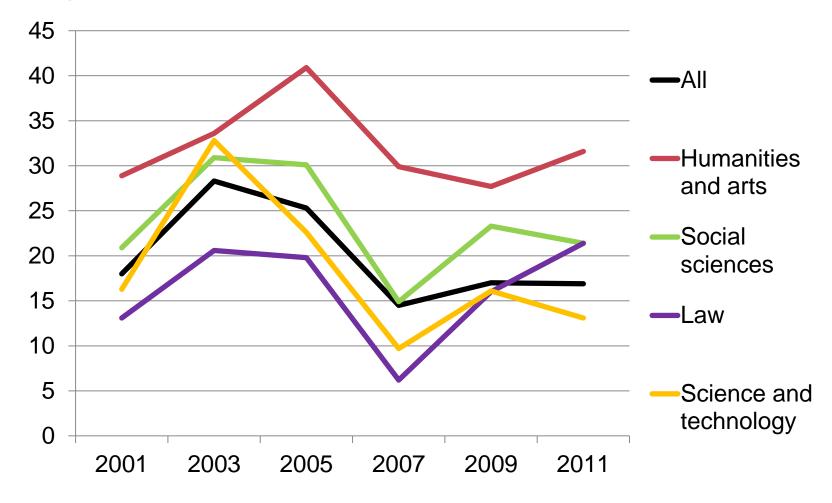
Over-Education 6 months after graduation



Mismatch: suboptimal adaptation



Suboptimal adaptation 2001 – 2011. Selected study programmes



Satisfaction with job relevance of study programme

MASTER TOTAL Humanities and Arts 3.51 **Teaching and Education** 3.85 Social Sciences 3.77 Law Business and Administration Science and Technology Health and social work Agriculture and Fishery 3.91 Sports 3.92 2 3 4

5

14

4.41

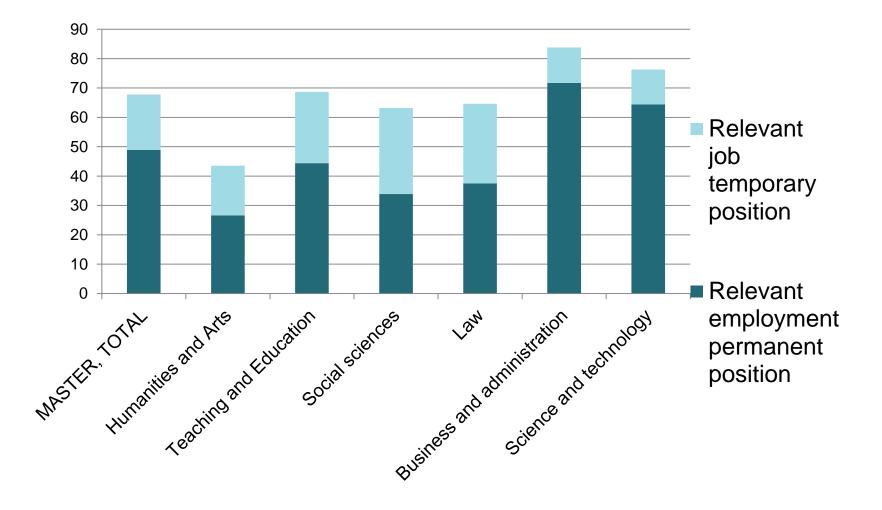
4.23

4.01

4.13

3.96

Proportion of master graduates in relevant full time employment



Factors influencing the probability of having relevant full time employment

Positive effect

- Degree in Science and technology or Business and administration
- Grade A
- Relevant previous working experience
- Being married
- Satisfaction with study programme
- Satisfaction with job relevance of study programme

Negative effect

- Degree in humanities
- Low grades (CDE)
- Being female
- Having children
- Immigrant background
- Satisfaction with HEI

Conclusion

- High employment rates 6 months after graduation, more than 8 out of 10 are employed
- 2 out of 3 graduates have full time, relevant employment
- Unemployment rates fluctuates less for graduates in Humanities and arts and Social Sciences than others
- Graduates in Humanities and arts are more likely to experience other forms of subomtimal transitions; like underemployment and skills mismatch
- Graduates in Business and administration and Technology and science are the most succesful groups regarding relevant jobs and permanent job contracts
- Gender, grades and previous relevant working experience are among other factors influencing succesful labour market transitions

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